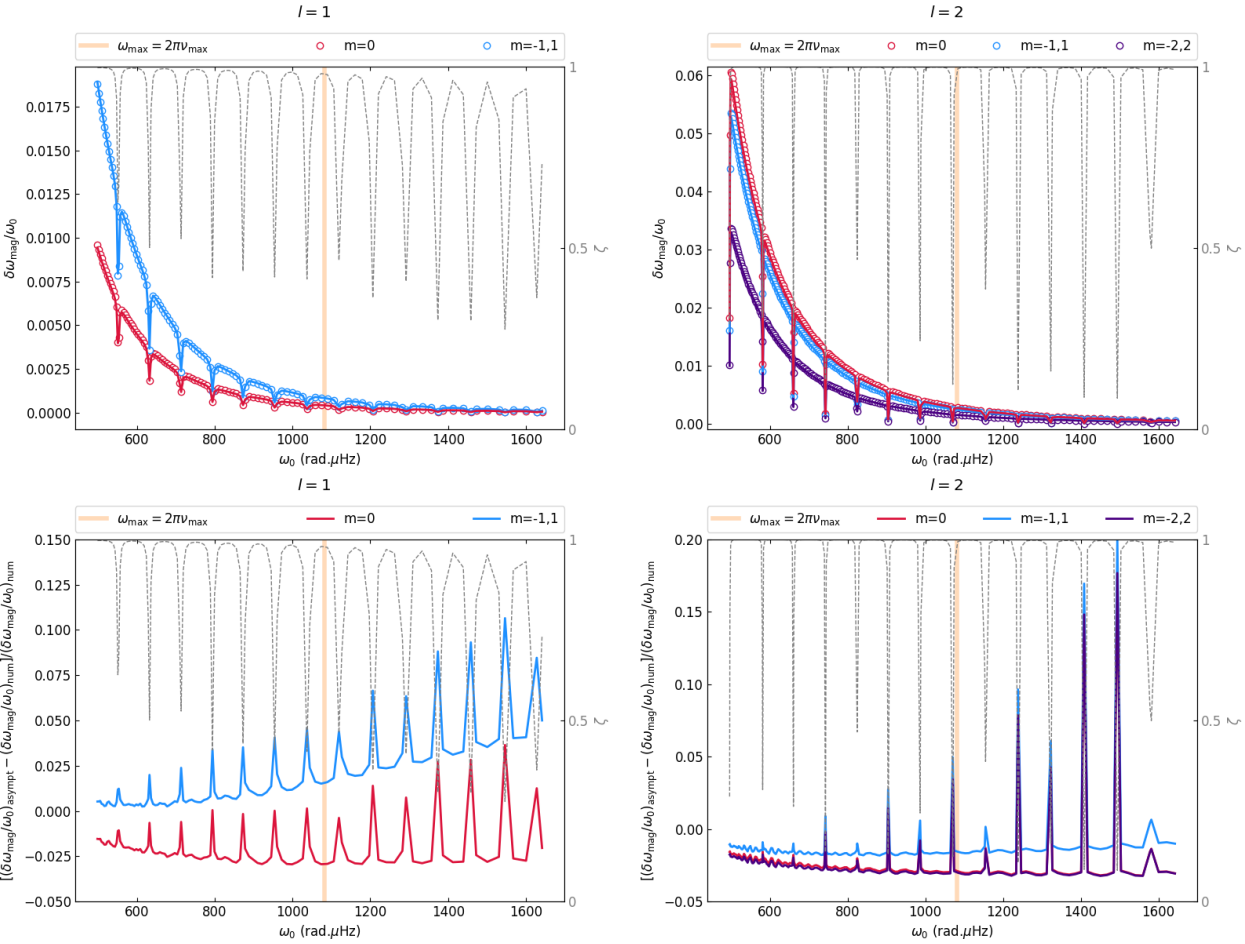
$l = 1$
$l = 2$
$\omega_{max} = 2\pi\nu_{max}$
m=0
m=-1,1
m=-2,2
$\delta\omega_{mag}/\omega_0$
ω_0 (rad.μHz)
ζ
$[(\delta\omega_{mag}/\omega_0)_{asympt} - (\delta\omega_{mag}/\omega_0)_{num}]/(\delta\omega_{mag}/\omega_0)_{num}$